

CGA Approved Series 2000 Heater Installation And Operating Instructions

MODEL # VHC - _ _ - _ _ - 2 _ (HIGH)

MODEL # VLC - _ _ - _ _ - 2 _ (LOW)

Owner's Manual

MANUAL # PNEG-582



AIRSTREAM
a division of
THE GSI GROUP



THIS EQUIPMENT SHALL BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CURRENT **INSTALLATION CODES FOR GAS BURNING APPLIANCES AND EQUIPMENT, CAN1-B149.1 AND B149.2**, OR APPLICABLE PROVINCIAL REGULATIONS WHICH SHOULD BE CAREFULLY FOLLOWED IN ALL CASES. AUTHORITIES HAVING JURISDICTION SHOULD BE CONSULTED BEFORE INSTALLATIONS ARE MADE.

CGA SERIES 2000 HEATER OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

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CGA SERIES 2000 HEATER CHECK LIST

- _____ 1. All wire connections
- _____ 2. Spark plug gap - .125
- _____ 3. Pipe train tightness and gas leaks
- _____ 4. Flame sensor tight
- _____ 5. Fuse in place, extra fuse provided
- _____ 6. Flame out light
- _____ 7. Indicator light
- _____ 8. Pressure gauge
- _____ 9. Regulator adjusted
- _____ 10. Shut off valve operates correctly
- _____ 11. Vapor high limit
- _____ 12. Unit cycles ON to OFF
- _____ 13. Heat rise even across transition
- _____ 14. Unit cycles HI to LO (HI-LO only)
- _____ 15. Mod valve holds temp within 1 degree (mod units only)
- _____ 16. All decals and serial number tag
- _____ 17. Aesthetic appearance
- _____ 18. Manual

Tester Signature _____

Date _____

WARRANTY

THE GSI GROUP, INC. ("GSI") WARRANTS ALL PRODUCTS MANUFACTURED BY GSI TO BE FREE OF DEFECTS IN MATERIAL AND WORKMANSHIP UNDER NORMAL USAGE AND CONDITIONS FOR A PERIOD OF TWELVE MONTHS AFTER RETAIL SALE TO THE ORIGINAL END USER OF SUCH PRODUCTS. GSI'S ONLY OBLIGATION IS, AND PURCHASER'S SOLE REMEDY SHALL BE FOR GSI, TO REPAIR OR REPLACE, AT GSI'S OPTION AND EXPENSE, PRODUCTS THAT, IN GSI'S SOLE JUDGMENT, CONTAIN A MATERIAL DEFECT DUE TO MATERIALS OR WORKMANSHIP. ALL DELIVERY AND SHIPMENT CHARGES TO AND FROM GSI'S FACTORY WILL BE PURCHASER'S RESPONSIBILITY. EXPENSES INCURRED BY OR ON BEHALF OF THE PURCHASER WITHOUT PRIOR WRITTEN AUTHORIZATION FROM AN AUTHORIZED EMPLOYEE OF GSI SHALL BE THE SOLE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE PURCHASER.

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PRIOR TO INSTALLATION, PURCHASER HAS THE RESPONSIBILITY TO RESEARCH AND COMPLY WITH ALL FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL CODES WHICH MAY APPLY TO THE LOCATION AND INSTALLATION.

ROOF WARNING, OPERATION & SAFETY

ROOF DAMAGE WARNING AND DISCLAIMER



GSI DOES NOT WARRANT ANY ROOF DAMAGE CAUSED BY EXCESSIVE VACUUM OR INTERNAL PRESSURE FROM FANS OR OTHER AIR MOVING SYSTEMS. ADEQUATE VENTILATION AND/OR "MAKEUP AIR" DEVICES SHOULD BE PROVIDED FOR ALL POWERED AIR HANDLING SYSTEMS. GSI DOES NOT RECOMMEND THE USE OF DOWNWARD FLOW SYSTEMS (SUCTION). SEVERE ROOF DAMAGE CAN RESULT FROM ANY BLOCKAGE OF AIR PASSAGES. RUNNING FANS DURING HIGH HUMIDITY/COLD WEATHER CONDITIONS CAN CAUSE AIR EXHAUST OR INTAKE PORTS TO FREEZE.

HEATER OPERATION

Thank you for choosing a GSI/Airstream product. It is designed to give excellent performance and service for many years.

This manual describes the operation of the Airstream Chi-town Heater. It is designed for low to medium temperature grain conditioning, and is ideal for the aeration of rice, popcorn or other select grains. It is available in both

propane vapor and natural gas models.

The principal concern of the GSI Group, Inc. ("GSI") is your safety and the safety of others associated with grain handling equipment. This manual is written to help you understand safe operating procedures, and some of the problems that may be encountered by the operator or other personnel.

As owner and/or operator, it is your responsibility to know what requirements, hazards and precautions exist, and to inform all personnel associated with the equipment, or who are in the dryer area. Avoid any alterations to the equipment. Such alterations may produce a very dangerous situation, where serious injury or death may occur.

SAFETY ALERT SYMBOL

The symbol shown is used to call your attention to instructions concerning your personal safety. Watch for this symbol; it points out important safety precautions. It means "ATTENTION", "WARNING", "CAUTION", and "DANGER". Read the message and be cautious to the possibility of personal injury or death.



WARNING! BE ALERT!

Personnel operating or working around electric fans should read this manual. This manual must be delivered with the equipment to its owner. Failure to read this manual and its safety instructions is a misuse of the equipment.

SAFETY ALERT DECALS

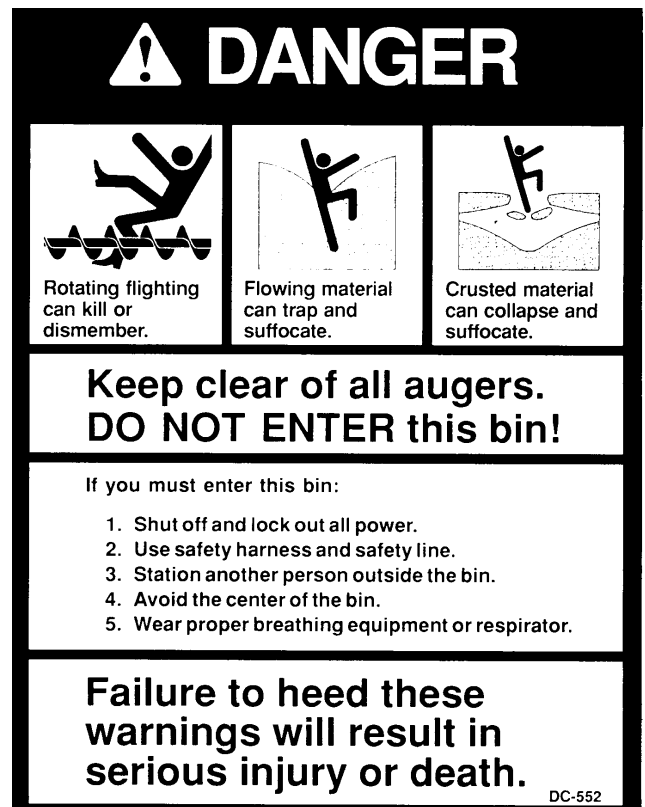
Grain Systems, Inc. recommends contacting your local power company, and having a representative survey your installation so the wiring is compatible with their system, and adequate power is supplied to your unit.

Safety decals should be read and understood by all people in the grain handling area. The bottom right decal should be present on the inside bin door cover of the two ring door, 24" porthole door cover and the roof manway cover.

If a decal is damaged or is missing contact:

Grain Systems, Inc.
1004 E. Illinois St.
Assumption, IL 62510
217-226-4421

A free replacement will be sent to you.



CGA SERIES 2000 HEATER INSTALLATION

HIGH TEMPERATURE HEATER SPECIFICATIONS

		18"	24"	26"	28"
All models	Inside diameter Bolt circle diameter Length BTU rating Weight	18.5/16" 19.7/16" 22" 1400000 81	24.1/4" 25.3/4" 22.1/2" 2100000 110	26.5/16" 27.15/16" 22.1/4" 2700000 115	28.1/8" 29.5/8" 25.1/4" 3000000 140
Liquid models	Maximum fuel flow (GPH) Orifice Modulating valve bypass orifice Minimum operating pressure Maximum operating pressure Minimum line size	N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A	23 3/16" Blue 2 20 3/8"	30 7/32" Blue 2 20 3/8"	34 15/64" Aluminum 2 20 3/8"
Vapor models	Maximum fuel flow (CFH) Orifice Modulating valve bypass orifice Minimum operating pressure Maximum operating pressure Minimum line size	585 5/32" Green 2 20 1/2"	877 3/16" Blue 2 20 3/4"	1128 7/32" Blue 2 20 3/4"	1253 15/64" Aluminum 2 20 3/4"
Natural gas models	Maximum fuel flow (CFH) Orifice Modulating valve bypass orifice Minimum operating pressure Maximum operating pressure Minimum line size	1473 1/4" Blue 1 7 3/4"	2210 5/16" Aluminum 1 7 1"	2842 23/64" Aluminum 1 7 1.1/4"	3157 3/8" Aluminum 1 7 1.1/4"

LOW TEMPERATURE HEATER SPECIFICATIONS

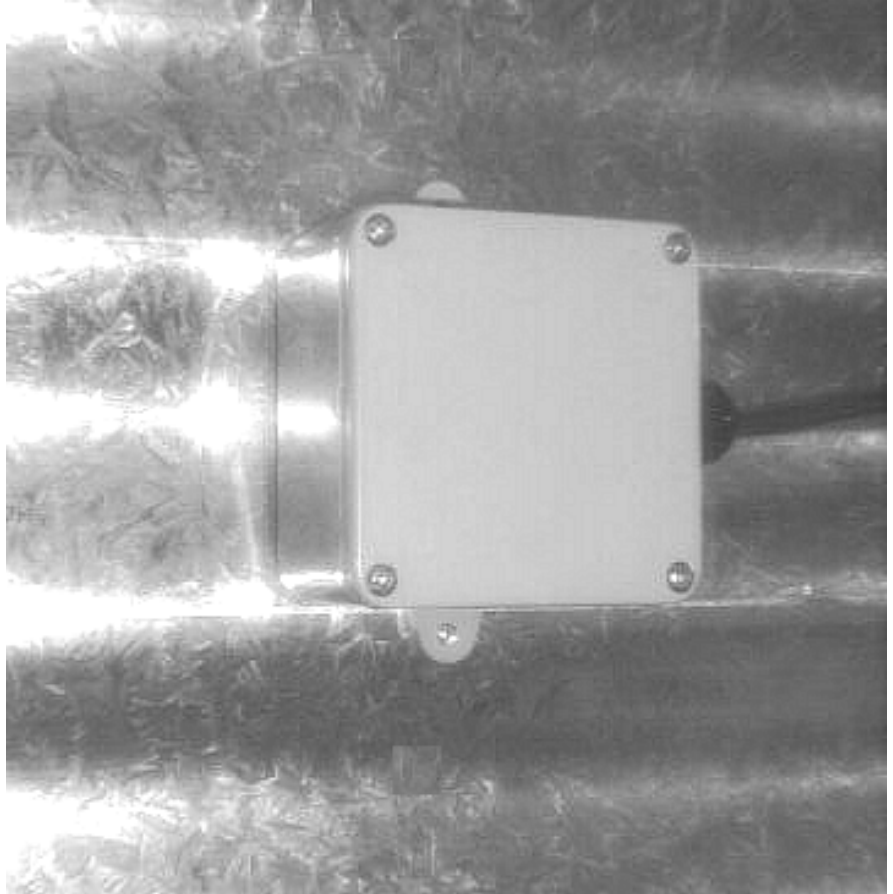
		18"	24"	26"	28"
All models	Inside diameter Bolt circle diameter Length BTU rating Weight	18.5/16" 19.7/16" 22" 400000 81	24.1/4" 25.3/4" 22.1/2" 500000 110	26.5/16" 27.15/16" 22.1/4" 500000 115	28.1/8" 29.5/8" 25.1/4" 500000 140
Vapor models	Maximum fuel flow (GPH) Orifice Modulating valve bypass orifice Minimum operating pressure Maximum operating pressure Minimum line size	167 5/64" Red 2 20 3/8"	292 3/32" Yellow 2 20 3/8"	292 3/32" Yellow 2 20 3/8"	292 3/32" Yellow 2 20 3/8"
Natural gas models	Maximum fuel flow (CFH) Orifice Modulating valve bypass orifice Minimum operating pressure Maximum operating pressure Minimum line size	421 9/64" Yellow 1 7 1/2"	736 5/32" Green 1 7 1/2"	736 5/32" Green 1 7 1/2"	736 5/32" Green 1 7 1/2"

CGA SERIES 2000 HEATER INSTALLATION

PLENUM TEMPERATURE SENSOR MOUNTING

The plenum temperature sensor is the small gray PVC junction box attached by a cord to the fan/heater control box.

1. 24" to the right side of the transition, drill one 3/8" hole in the center of the plenum in a valley on the bin sidewall.
2. Insert the probe through the hole.
3. Position the housing so that the tabs are vertical, and the cord exits the housing horizontally.
4. Use two self drilling screws to mount the housing to the bin sidewall.
5. Caulk between the housing and the sidewall to seal.



Plenum temperature sensor installation.

TRANSITION HI-LIMIT INSTALLATION

1. Mark location on transition one (1) foot up from the bottom (entrance collar) and centered in the transition.
2. Drill or knock out 7/8" diameter hole on marked location.
3. Install transition hi-limit using supplied self drilling screws.

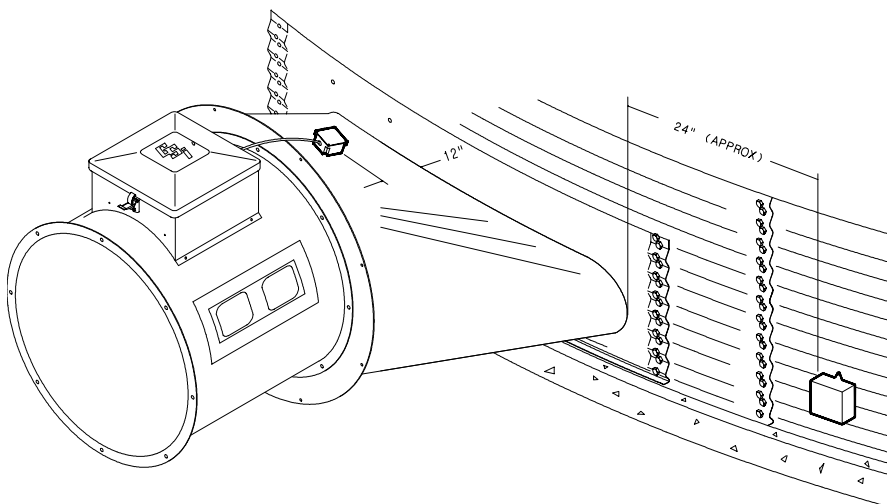


Figure 1: The transition connecting the Series 2000 Heater to the bin with the plenum sensor in place.

SERIES 2000 HEATER INSTALLATION

WIRING

HEATER UNIT

1. Be sure fan unit is installed and wired to meet local codes. Be sure equipment is well grounded (see page 9).
2. A separate neutral is required for 120 volt heater circuit in 220 volt 1PH and 3PH fan units. For 460 volt fan units a separate 120 volt power supply or transformer is required.
3. Run cord from heater unit to fan unit and connect as shown in Figure 2.

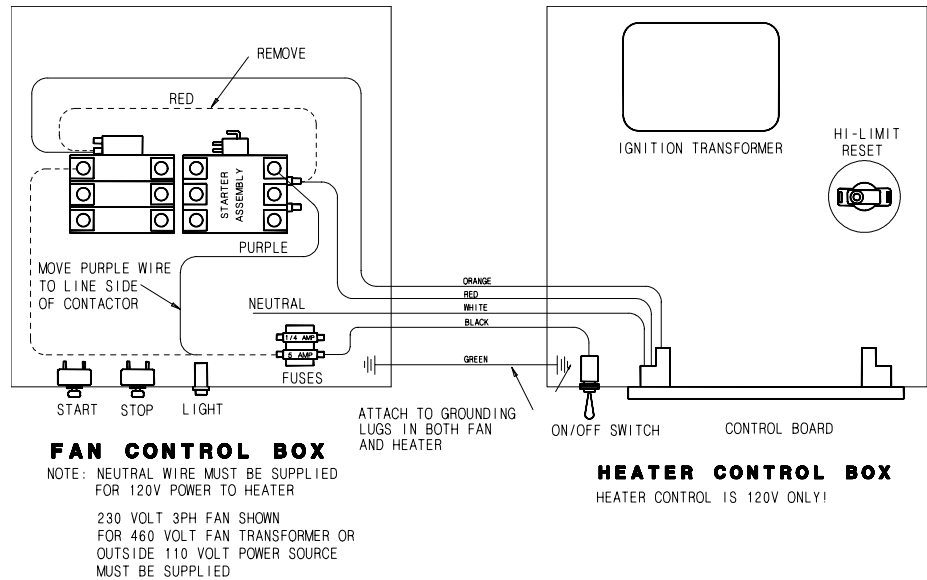


Figure 2: Wiring diagram for the fan and heater unit.

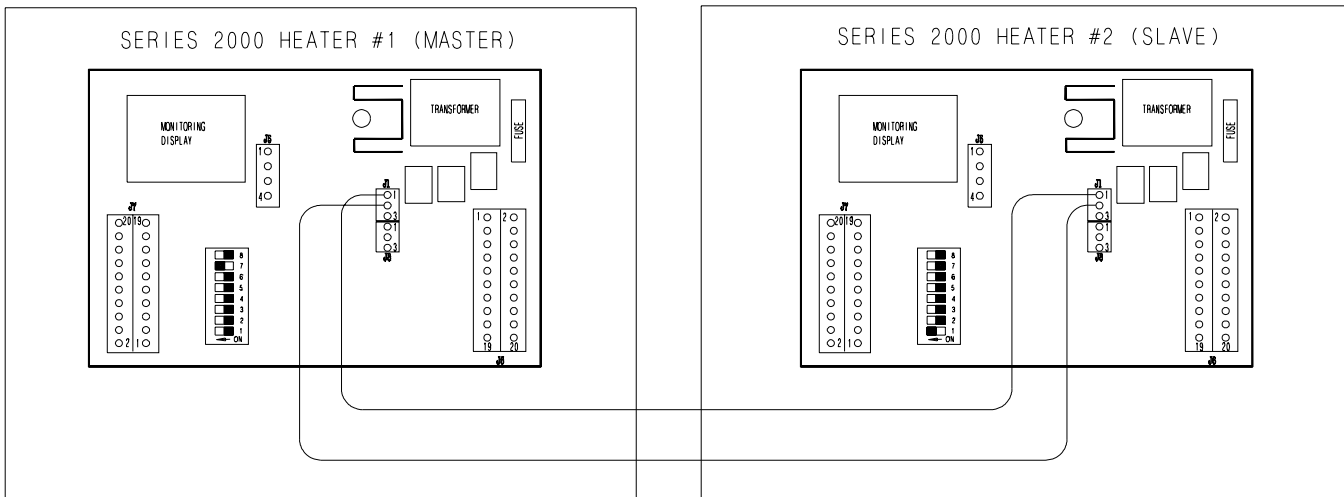


Figure 3: Secondary heater wiring diagram.

SECONDARY HEATER UNIT

1. Secondary heater unit runs as a slave of heater unit #1 and requires no plenum or grain temperature sensor.
2. Run (2) 20 gauge (minimum) wires from secondary heater unit (slave) to heater unit #1 (master).
3. Connect wires as shown in Figure 3.
4. Third heater unit may also be added to system. If adding third unit, run connections to master unit #1 and connect them in parallel with secondary heater unit.

SERIES 2000 HEATER INSTALLATION



Dig a hole large enough to hold 1 or 2 gallons of water. Work the ground rod into the earth until it is completely in the ground.

MACHINE TO EARTH GROUND

It is very important that a machine to earth ground rod be installed at the fan. This is true even if there is a ground at the pole 15 feet away. This ground needs to be as close to the fan as possible, but no more than 8 feet away. The ground rod should be connected to the fan control panel with at least a #6 solid bare copper ground wire, or in accordance with local requirements. The machine to earth ground provides additional safety if there is a short. It also provides the grounding necessary for long life and operation of the solid state circuit boards used on control circuits and the electronic ignition systems.

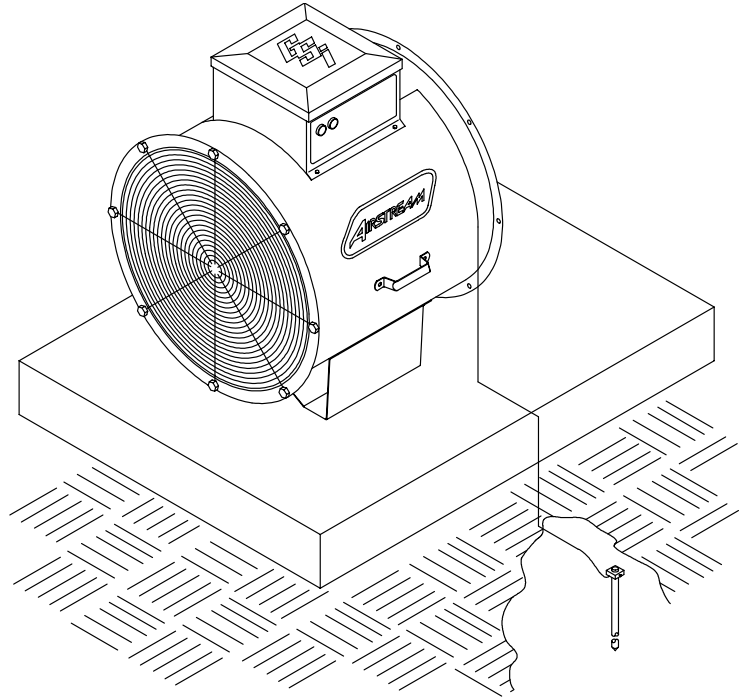


Figure 4: Use a #6 or approved size bare copper ground wire. Install a 5/8" diameter 8' long copper-clad ground rod, 2' away from the foundation and 1' below the surface of the ground or in accordance with local requirements.

PROPER INSTALLATION OF THE GROUND ROD

(Ground rods and wires are not supplied by Airstream). It is recommended that the rod not be driven into dry ground. The following steps ensure proper ground rod installation:

1. Dig a hole large enough to hold 1 to 2 gallons of water.
2. Fill hole with water.
3. Insert rod through water and jab it into the ground.
4. Continue jabbing the rod up and down, the water will work its way down the hole, making it possible to work the rod completely into the ground. This method of installing the rod gives a good

conductive bond with the surrounding soil.

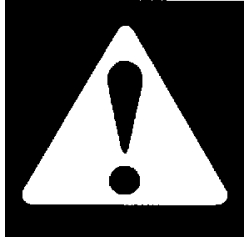
5. Connect the bare copper ground wire to the rod with the proper ground rod clamp.
6. Connect the bare ground wire to the fan control boxes with a grounding lug. See figure 4.
7. Ground wire must not have any breaks or splices. Insulated wire is not recommended for grounding.

PREVIOUSLY INSTALLED UNITS

It is recommended that previously installed units be checked to see that a machine to earth ground has been installed by an electrician.

SERIES 2000 HEATER INSTALLATION

Standard electrical safety practices and codes should be used when working with a heater. Refer to the National Electric Code Standard Handbook by the National Fire Protection Association. *A qualified electrician should make all wiring installations.*



**ALWAYS DISCONNECT
AND LOCK OUT
POWER
BEFORE WORKING ON
OR AROUND HEATER**

IMPORTANT! Do not use propane tanks that have previously been used for ammonia unless they have been purged according to procedures of the National L.P. Association.

Fuel supply system must comply with local codes for L.P. gas installation.

FUEL CONNECTION

LIQUID PROPANE MODELS

1. L.P. models are designed to run on liquid propane with liquid draw from the propane tank. Avoid using propane supply tanks that have been used for vapor draw for long periods of time. When using liquid draw systems any moisture that may be present in tank or lines may freeze when system is used in cold weather. To avoid this situation, purge the system with methanol.
2. Run proper size line (see specification on page 6) to liquid pipe train on heater. Have a qualified gas service person inspect installation to be sure that everything is installed according to local codes and ordinances.

3. After installation is complete check all connections for leaks with liquid detergent or comparable. Wear rubber gloves and eye protection. Avoid contact with liquid propane. **DO NOT USE FLAME FOR LEAK TESTING.**

PROPANE VAPOR MODELS

1. Propane vapor models are designed to run directly off of a supply tank or from a separate external vaporizer.
2. Run proper size line (see specifications on page 6) to pipe train on heater. Have a qualified gas service person inspect installation to be sure that everything is installed according to local codes and ordinances.

3. After installation is complete check all connections for leaks. **DO NOT USE FLAME FOR LEAK TESTING.**

NATURAL GAS MODELS

1. Natural gas models are designed to run directly off of a supply tank or from a separate external vaporizer.
2. Run proper size line (see specification on page 6) to pipe train on heater. Have a qualified gas service person inspect installation to be sure everything is installed according to local codes and ordinances.
3. After installation is complete check all connections for leaks. **DO NOT USE FLAME FOR LEAK TESTING.**

SERIES 2000 HEATER OPERATING PROCEDURE



The control panel display showing initial start up.

Standard electrical safety practices and codes should be used when working with a heater. Refer to the National Electric Code Standard Handbook by the National Fire Protection Association. A *qualified electrician* should make all wiring installations.



**ALWAYS DISCONNECT
AND LOCK OUT POWER
BEFORE WORKING ON OR
AROUND HEATER**

POWER UP

All safety and high limit switches are checked upon power up. If a safety or limit is open, the control displays it. The control cannot operate with a safety switch error, and the fan cannot turn on with an error condition. There is no way to bypass an error condition. It must be fixed. (see errors on page 20)

The air switch is also checked on power up. The air switch must indicate no airflow. This is necessary to check the function of the air switch. However, if the operator forgets and turns the fan on be-

fore the controller has been powered up, the controller locks up with the main display alternating between a "FAN" and "ON" message. This may be bypassed by depressing and holding the "FAN BYPASS" switch (lower right switch). Normal operating procedure should be to power up the controller with the fan off.

If multiple heaters are tied together, and the master detects that the slave fan is on (the air switch stuck?), the master will lock up displaying "SLA ERROR". This condition may be bypassed with the "FAN BYPASS" switch.

SERIES 2000 HEATER OPERATING PROCEDURE

NORMAL OPERATING DISPLAYS WITH HEATER NOT RUNNING

The main display shows the plenum temperature. If the dryer has not been running, the display should show outside temperature. The control is preset at the factory to display temperature in centigrade or fahrenheit.

"AIRFLOW" or "NO AIRFLOW"

is displayed if air is flowing or not flowing. "RX TX" (receive, transmit) is displayed if multiple heaters are connected.

All safeties or high limits are continuously checked during the off mode. A limit switch open, or any other error condition will cause the display to show the limit or error condition. When drying is not occurring, and the limit or error con-

dition is corrected, the display returns to its normal output. This is not the case with an error or limit condition during the drying operation. This causes the display to lock up in the error display mode. This is to keep the display locked up with the condition illuminated. (see section on "Running the Dryer" for mode explanation on page 16)



The heater display with fan on (airflow).

SERIES 2000 HEATER OPERATING PROCEDURE

STARTING THE DRYER

After heater power is turned on, the fan must be turned on. Attempting to start the dryer without the air switch indicating there is airflow will cause an airflow alarm to go off when the start switch is depressed. The airflow alarm is simply the entire display going blank, and the "NO AIRFLOW" message flashing for a few seconds. The display must show "AIRFLOW" before the dryer can be started.

To start the dryer, just push the "START" switch. The first message to come up will be the "PURGE" message--the drying process begins with a 10 second purge.

When multiple heaters are connected together, drying may be started from any heater control.

SETTING GAS PRESSURE

1. At heater turn toggle switch to "ON" position.
2. Press the "PROGRAM TEMPERATURE" button.
3. Use the increase or decrease button to set the "PLENUM HIGH LIMIT SET POINT" to desired setting (100°-160°*).
4. Press the "PROGRAM TEMPERATURE" button to continue to set the "CYCLE SET POINT". (hi-lo units only)
5. Use the increase or decrease buttons to set the "CYCLE SET POINT" to desired setting (90°-150°*) (hi-lo units only).



Programming the temperature differential.

6. Press the "PROGRAM TEMPERATURE" button to continue to set the "TEMPERATURE DIFFERENTIAL".
7. Use the increase or decrease buttons to set the "TEMPERATURE DIFFERENTIAL" to 10°*.
8. Open all manual gas shut off valves, on and to the heater unit.
9. Start the fan unit.
10. Make sure that the blade is spinning in the right direction. If not place the toggle switch in the "OFF" position and correct the problem.
11. After the fan reaches full speed the display should read "AIRFLOW" in the upper right hand corner.
12. Press the start button on the heater control.
13. After 10 seconds the burner should ignite. If not, turn "OFF" the toggle switch and then back "ON". Repeat 12-15.
14. When the burner ignites the display should read "HI-FLAME" at the left of the display.

play should read "HI-FLAME" at the left of the display. Loosen the nut on the main regulator and turn screw in, to increase pressure and out to decrease pressure. The pressure gauge should be set at 10-15 lbs. for LP units, or 4-6 lbs. for natural gas units. (use the charts on the following pages to set pressure)

15. Press the "PROGRAM TEMPERATURE" button to change the high limit set point. Press it again to change the "CYCLE SET POINT". (hi-lo units only)
16. Decrease the "CYCLE SET POINT TEMPERATURE" until the heater cycles to low flame. (hi-lo units only)
17. Open or close the low cycle ball valve until the gas pressure is 3-5 lbs. for LP, or 1-2 lbs. for natural gas. (hi-lo units only)
18. Increase the cycle set point to return to high flame. (hi-lo units only)
19. Watch heater run several minutes to make sure it cycles between hi and lo flame or on and off properly.
20. Hi-flame pressure should be adjusted so plenum reaches cycling temperature easily.
21. Adjust pressure on on/off units so that unit is on approximately 75% of the time.

*Temperatures are fahrenheit.

SERIES 2000 HEATER OPERATING PROCEDURE

BTU'S PER GAUGE PRESSURE (PSI) PROPANE MODELS (APPROXIMATE)

HIGH TEMPERATURE

Diameter	Operating Pressure (PSI)									
	2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	20
18"	416380	588680	720290	832760	930880	1019420	1107800	1174960	1244360	1340080
24"	598250	844730	1036170	1198890	1340080	1464520	1581770	1689460	1787570	1892860
26"	816010	1148640	1409480	1632030	1825860	1995762	2153700	2302070	2436070	2577260
28"	935660	1318540	1617670	1868930	2091480	2309250	2467180	2649050	2792630	2955360

LOW TEMPERATURE

Diameter	Operating Pressure (PSI)									
	2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	20
18"	102900	145970	181870	208190	234510	253660	275200	294340	311090	335020
24-28"	148370	210580	258440	299130	335020	366130	394850	421170	447490	473810

GAUGE PRESSURE (PSI) REQUIRED TO MAINTAIN TEMPERATURE (APPROXIMATE) (HIGH TEMP UNITS ONLY)

Fan Model	Static Pressure	Heat Rise Degrees F						
		60	80	100	120	140	160	180
3HP-18"	1"	2	3	4	5	6	8	9
	2"	1	1	2	3	4	5	6
	3"	low-temp	low-temp	1	2	2	3	3
7HP-24"	1"	2	4	6	8	10	14	17
	2"	1	3	4	5	7	9	11
	3"	low-temp	low-temp	1	2	3	3	4
	4"	low-temp	low-temp	low-temp	low-temp	1	2	3
10HP-24"	1"	4	6	9	13	18	22	26
	2"	3	5	8	10	14	18	22
	3"	2	3	4	6	8	9	11
	4"	1	2	3	4	5	6	8
15HP-26"	1"	2	4	6	8	11	14	18
	2"	2	4	5	7	9	13	16
	3"	1	3	4	5	7	10	13
	4"	1	3	4	5	7	9	11
	5"	low-temp	1	2	3	3	4	5
15HP-28"	1"	3	4	7	9	12	16	20
	2"	2	4	6	8	11	14	18
	3"	2	3	4	5	8	10	13
	4"	1	2	3	4	6	8	10
	5"	low-temp	1	2	3	3	4	5

SERIES 2000 HEATER OPERATING PROCEDURE

BTU'S PER GAUGE PRESSURE (PSI) NATURAL GAS MODELS (APPROXIMATE)

HIGH TEMPERATURE

Diameter	Operating Pressure (PSI)						
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
18"	454180	644780	787970	909260	1016880	1115380	1204750
24"	710450	1006850	1231200	1419980	1587790	1741920	1881456
26"	938450	1331520	1627920	1876896	2099420	2302800	2487940
28"	1022350	1450080	1772020	2043790	2285470	2507090	2708640

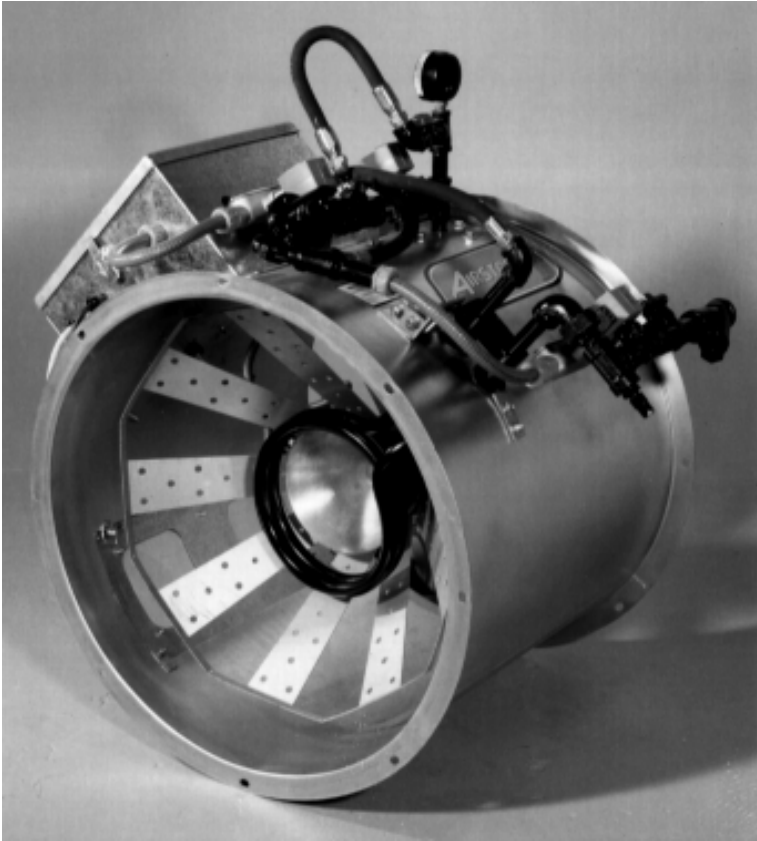
LOW TEMPERATURE

Diameter	Operating Pressure (PSI)						
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
18"	144100	205200	250800	289100	322850	353860	383040
24-28"	177840	251710	308260	355680	397632	435936	470590

GAUGE PRESSURE (PSI) REQUIRED TO MAINTAIN TEMPERATURE (APPROXIMATE) (HIGH TEMP UNITS ONLY)

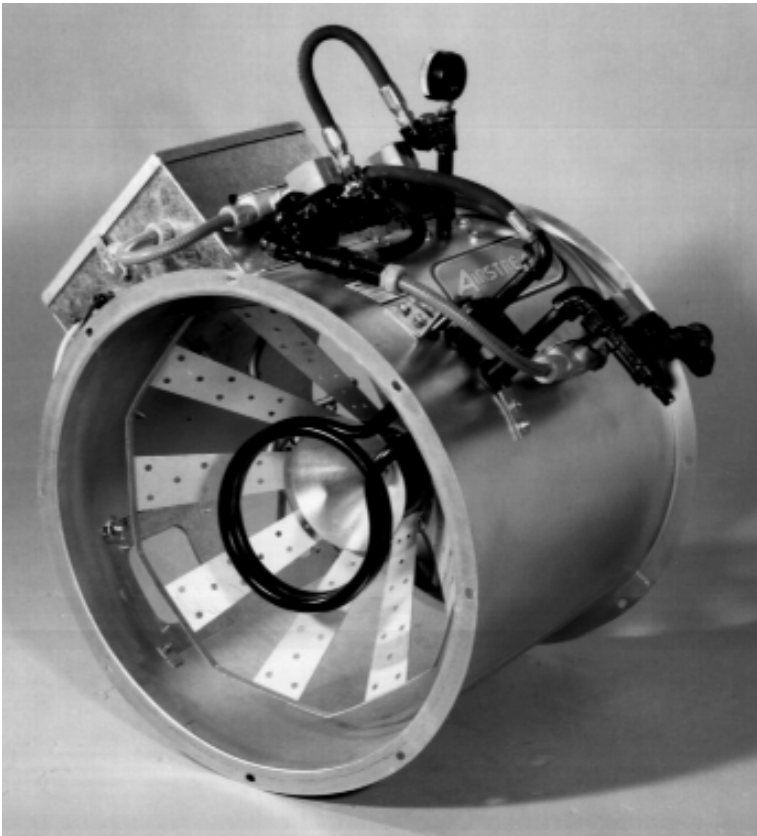
Fan Model	Static Pressure	Heat Rise Degrees F						
		60	80	100	120	140	160	180
3HP-18"	1"	1	1	2	2	3	3	4
	2"	1	1	1	1	2	2	3
	3"	low-temp	low-temp	1	1	1	1	31
7HP-24"	1"	1	2	2	3	4	5	6
	2"	1	1	1	2	2	3	4
	3"	low-temp	low-temp	1	1	1	1	2
	4"	low-temp	low-temp	low-temp	1	1	1	1
10HP-24"	1"	2	2	4	5	6	7	8
	2"	1	2	3	3	4	6	7
	3"	1	1	1	2	2	3	4
	4"	low-temp	1	1	1	1	2	2
15HP-26"	1"	1	2	2	3	4	5	7
	2"	1	1	2	3	3	4	5
	3"	1	1	2	2	3	3	4
	4"	1	1	1	1	2	2	3
	5"	low-temp	low-temp	1	1	1	1	2
15HP-28"	1"	1	2	3	4	5	7	8
	2"	1	2	2	3	4	5	6
	3"	1	1	2	2	3	4	5
	4"	1	1	1	1	2	2	3
	5"	low-temp	low-temp	1	1	1	2	2

SERIES 2000 HEATER OPERATING PROCEDURE



ADJUSTING THE VAPORIZOR

1. Vaporizer should be adjusted so the vapor pipe train runs warm to the touch (100°-120°F).
2. Loosen 5/16" bolt on adjustment bracket.
3. Swivel vaporizer away from flame if running too hot, closer to flame if too cold.
4. Move vaporizer only 1" at a time and allow a few minutes for temperature to equalize.
5. Tighten 5/16" bolt and watch heater run for several minutes to verify adjustment.



Adjusting the vaporizer coil on a liquid propane model. The top photo shows the setting in, and the bottom photo shows the coil out.

RUNNING THE DRYER

The display will indicate "FLAME" when flame is sensed. If no flame is sensed, the "FLAME" message will be off. The display indicates what part of the cycle it is in. If the unit is a hi-lo dryer, the display will indicate whether it is in the "HI-FLAME" or "LO-FLAME" part of the cycle. (see "programming set points" page 17 for setting the hi-lo flame temperature). If the temperature is above the high temperature setting, the flame will be off, the "FLAME" message will be out and the display will be flashing "OFF-CYCLE".

If the flame is shut off because of the humidity sensor (humidistat), the display flashes "OFF-CYCLE HUMIDISTAT".

SERIES 2000 HEATER OPERATING PROCEDURE

The limits are continuously checked during the drying operation. A limit switch open or any other error condition will cause the dryer to shut down, and the fan will be shut down. ***If a limit opens, or an error condition occurs during drying, the control will lockup in the error display mode. Power must be shut off and back on to the control to clear the error condition--even if the error or limit that caused the shutdown has been corrected.*** This is to keep the display locked up with the condition that caused the error, allowing the operator time to determine what caused the shutdown.

PROGRAMMING SET POINTS

Depressing the "PROGRAM" switch (lower left) causes the display to enter the program mode. Each item below is programmed by using the up and down arrow switches. Holding down these up and down arrow switches for about 2 seconds will cause the numbers to increase/decrease rapidly until the switch is released. When finished programming an item, depressing the "PROGRAM" switch again will cause the new setting to be entered into memory, and the display will advance to the next function to be programmed.

Programming may be done at anytime (unless an error condition exists) even while the dryer is in operation.

Programming a system with

multiple heaters may be done at any heater control console. The information programmed is automatically transmitted to all other heaters when the programming is complete.

Hi Limit Set Point--The upper left cursor is flashing indicating the mode. If the plenum temperature increases above this point, the flame is shut off--"OFF-CYCLE" is displayed on screen.

Cycle Set Point--The upper 2nd from left cursor is flashing indicating the mode. ***If the dryer is not a hi-lo dryer, this function is skipped.*** If the plenum temperature increases above this point, the flame reduces to "LO-FLAME".

Humidity Set Point--The upper 2nd from right cursor is flashing indicating the mode. If the humidity is

above this point the dryer operates normally--flame on and off at the high limit and cycle set points. If the humidity is below this point the dryer goes into the "OFF-CYCLE" mode.

Note: At this time a true humidity sensor has not been introduced.

To use this option, set the humidity setting to 50% and use a humidistat switch. When the humidity is high the switch is closed, indicating high humidity. At this setting, the dryer runs normally.

Temperature Differential--The upper right cursor is flashing indicating the mode. If the flame shuts off because the temperature is greater than the high limit set point, the temperature must fall below the (Set Point minus Temperature Differential) for the flame to come back on.



Programming the high-limit set point.

SERIES 2000 HEATER OPERATING PROCEDURE

On hi-lo units when the unit reaches cycle set point, the flame will switch to lo-flame and unit will not cycle back to hi-flame until (Set Point minus Temperature Differential) is reached.

Temperature differential would normally be set for 10-15 degrees F for high temp units, and 2-5 degrees F for lo-temp units.

Humidity Differential--The upper right cursor is flashing indicating the

mode. If the flame shuts off because the humidity is less than the humidity set point, the humidity must rise above the (Set Point plus Humidity Differential) for the flame to come back on.

PROGRAMMING HOURS TO SHUT DOWN

To change the hours to shut down, depress and hold the "SHUTDOWN HOURS" switch. While holding in on

the switch, depress the up and down arrow switches to alter the hours. Setting range is 0 to 200 hours.

DRYING GRAIN IN THE HOURS TO SHUT DOWN MODE

While drying grain, depress and hold the "SHUTDOWN HOURS" switch. While holding in on that switch, depress the "START" switch. After depressing the start switch one time, the heater is in the shutdown mode. Then, the fan and heater shut down when the time expires. This is indicated by the lower left cursor flashing.

Depressing the start switch again (while holding in on the "SHUTDOWN HOURS" switch) will cause only the heater to shut off. This leaves the fan on when the time expires. This is indicated by the 2nd from lower left cursor flashing. Depressing the start switch one more time returns the heater into the continuous--non-shutdown mode.

RUN HOURS DISPLAY

Run hours are recorded when the controller detects that the fan is on (airflow). The hours may be viewed by depressing the "HOURS" to get hours and "HOURS X 1000" to get the number of 1000 hours accumulated.

MULTIPLE HEATER NOTES

When multiple heaters are connected together, the temperature and humidity sensors must be connected to the master.

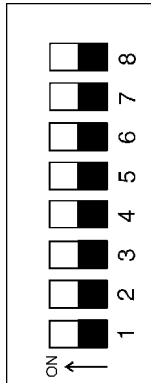


Setting the cycle set point.

FACTORY CONFIGURATION

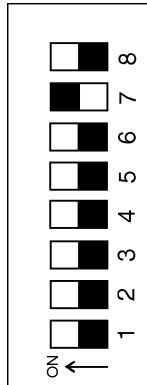
CONFIGURATION DIP SWITCHES (NORMALLY DONE AT GSI)

These switches are used to configure the heater control for various types of heaters.



Stand alone heater with no slaves, all dip switches in the off state.

Multiple heaters connected together through the serial link.



Master with one slave-dip switch 7 on/all others off.



Master with two slaves-dip switch 8 on/all others off.



Master with 3 slaves-dip switch 7 & 8 on/all others off.



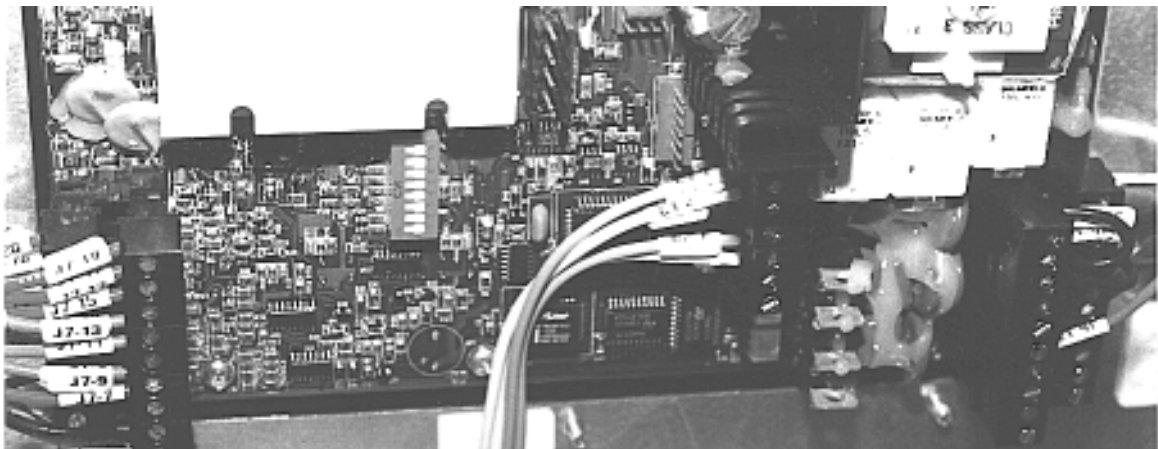
Slave #1-dip switch one on/all others off.



Slave #2-dip switch two on/all others off.



Slave #3-dip switch one & two on/all others off.



The backside of the control board, showing the dip switch placement.

ERROR CONDITIONS

LIMIT SWITCHES

The following limit switch errors light up individually on the heaters LCD screen: PLENUM, HOUSING, VAPOR, TEMP HI LIMIT.

Note: When a shutdown does occur due to an error condition, the amount of time elapsed since the shut-

down can be viewed by pressing the down arrow switch (up to 218 hours).

MULTIPLE HEATER ERROR CONDITIONS

If two or more heaters are connected together through the serial link, and the master cannot communicate with

a slave controller, the master will display "SLA" on the main display and the "RX" "TX" symbols will be flashing. *If a limit switch error or one of the error numbers 1 through 8 occurs, that error is displayed on the slave where the error originates. The master displays "SLA ERROR".*

MISC ERROR NUMBERS

1

Temperature probe 1 open.

2

Temperature probe 1 short.

3

Temperature probe 2 open.

4

Temperature probe 2 short.

5

Airflow open.

6

Airflow short.

7

Illegal flame sense.

Error 7 is most likely caused by stuck open solenoid. Error 7 will not shut down fan until loss of flame is detected by control.

8

Flame probe short error.

9

Slave #1 inconsistent with master with either the drying grain flag or the LP main solenoid or cycle solenoid.

Most likely the slave got re-set powering up with the solenoids off.

10

Slave #2 inconsistent. Same as error 9 for slave #1.

11

Slave #3 inconsistent. Same as error 9 for slave #1.

12

Wrong voltage.

Dip switch #5 is the voltage selector switch. If dip switch #5 in "ON" that selects 240 VAC. If the unit has only 120 VAC applied, error 12 will show up. If dip switch #5 is "OFF" that selects 120 VAC. If the unit has 240 VAC applied error 12 will show up.

This is important because if the fan heater is set up at GSI for 120 VAC and the customer connects to 240 VAC the heater control will work, but if allowed to operate the solenoids will have 240 VAC applied to them which will damage solenoids.

000

This indicates that one of the other on screen errors (vapor, plenum or housing temp hi-limit or flame out or no airflow has occurred.

13

+11 volt DC shorted to ground.

(Errors 9 through 11 are displayed only if multiple heaters are tied together through serial link).

Note: Temperature sensor connection-the temperature sensor (bolt) must always be connected to the master.

The heater control display showing error #7.



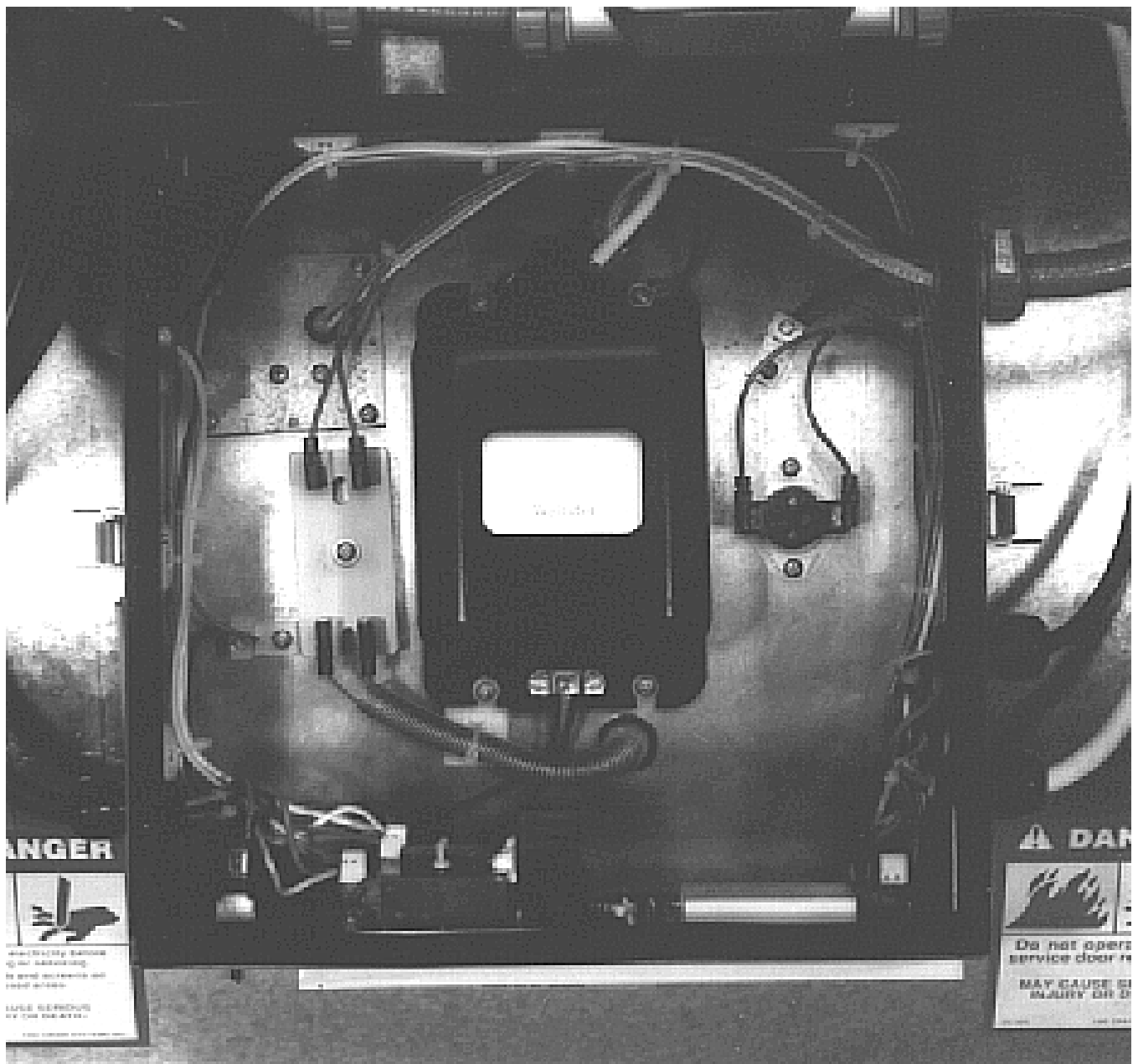
SERIES 2000 HEATER SERVICE

All Airstream heaters are constructed of durable weather-resistant materials, so a minimum amount of service should be required; however before the unit is started for the first time each season there are a few items that need to be checked out. All damaged parts should be repaired or replaced.

1. Disconnect and lock out power to fan and heater. Open control box lid and inspect all components for moisture, vibration or rodent damage. Inspect and tighten all loose terminal connections. Replace any damaged wiring.
2. Remove burner orifice tube and

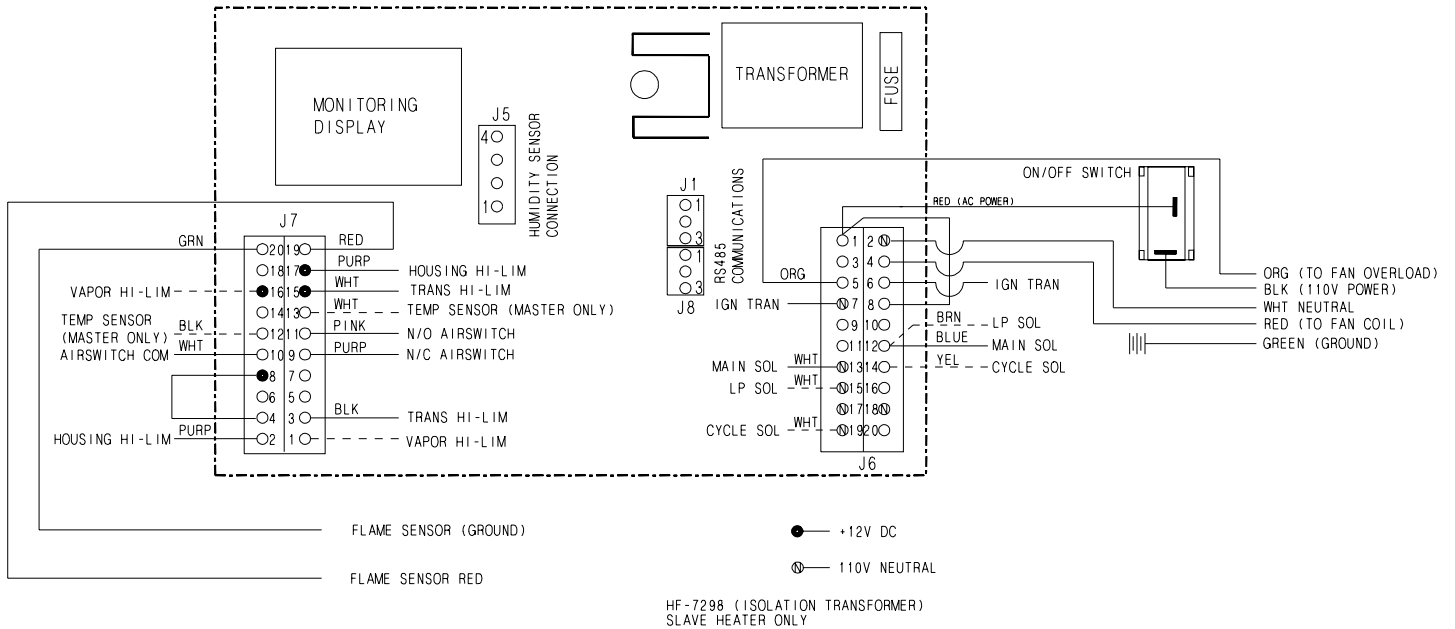
inspect for dirt or foreign material. Clean out if necessary.

3. Inspect burner for wear or foreign material in any of the ports. Clean or replace parts if necessary.
4. Inspect the spark plug and flame probe for corrosion and damage. Clean or replace if necessary.



The Series 2000 control box.

SERIES 2000 HEATER WIRING



NOTES

This image shows a single sheet of white paper with horizontal ruling lines. The lines are evenly spaced and run across the width of the page. There are no margins, text, or other markings on the paper.



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June 1996